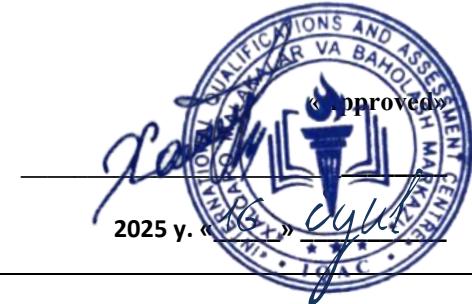




**INTERNATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS
AND ASSESSMENT CENTRE (IQAC)**



Programme	CYBER SECURITY DIPLOMA - LEVEL 6	
Unit Number/ Unit Title	UNIT 1 SECURITY ARCHITECTURE AND ENTERPRISE INFRASTRUCTURE	
Cohort Code:	L06SAEI-U1	
Unit Level	Level 6	
Total GLH	Total qualification time 200/ Total Guided learning hours 90/ Self-guided learning hours 110	
Credits	20 CATS/ 10 ECTS	
Lecturer		
Start Date	End Date	

Unit Aims	This module provides learners with advanced knowledge and practical skills required to design and implement secure enterprise-level infrastructure. Emphasis is placed on integrating security principles into on-premise, cloud, and hybrid environments, considering modern threat landscapes, scalability, and compliance requirements. It prepares learners for roles such as Security Engineer, Security Analyst, and Security Consultant.
Differentiation Strategies <i>(e.g. planned activities or support for individual learners according to their needs)</i>	The total number of students to be in the lesson is approximately 20. This is a multicultural group of students predominantly between the ages of 24 – 45, with numerous ethnic, gender, and creed background. These are UK academic level 5 students; hence it is assumed that they have practical, theoretical, or technological knowledge and understanding of a subject or field of work to find ways forward in broadly defined, complex contexts. These students must be able to generate information, evaluate, synthesise the use information from a variety of sources. Various approaches to addressing the various identified students needs will be adopted throughout the lesson. Such will include:- <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Progressive tasks

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Digital resources 3. Verbal support 4. Variable outcomes 5. Collaborative learning 6. Ongoing assessment 7. Flexible-pace learning
Equality & Diversity	Variety of teaching techniques will be employed to ensure that the needs of each individual learner are met.
Safeguarding & Prevent	Safeguarding policies and the Prevent duty are strictly observed to ensure the safety, well-being, and inclusivity of all students and staff.
Health & Safety	SIRM H&S policies will be maintained.
Learning Resources	Teaching and Learning Materials
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sherwood, J., Clark, A., & Lynas, D. (2005). Enterprise Security Architecture: A Business-Driven Approach. CRC Press. • Stallings, W. (2020). Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards (6th ed.). Pearson. • AWS (2023). AWS Well-Architected Framework: Security Pillar. Amazon Web Services. • The Open Group. (2018). TOGAF® Version 9.2. The Open Group. • NIST. (2020). Zero Trust Architecture (SP 800-207). National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria
LO1. 1. Evaluate enterprise security requirements and architectural frameworks.	<p>1.1 Critically assess organizational needs to determine appropriate security architecture models</p> <p>1.2 Compare and contrast leading security architecture frameworks (e.g., SABSA, TOGAF, Zero Trust)</p>
LO2. 2. Design secure and scalable network infrastructures.	<p>2.1 Create a secure network design that incorporates segmentation, defense-in-depth, and access controls</p> <p>2.2 Justify design decisions using performance, scalability, and threat mitigation criteria.</p>
LO3. 3 Integrate security controls across hybrid and cloud-based systems	<p>3.1 Implement layered security controls in hybrid cloud environments (e.g., AWS, Azure).</p> <p>3.2 Identify and address common misconfigurations and risks in enterprise cloud infrastructure.</p>
LO4. 4. Assess and enhance the effectiveness of enterprise security architectures	<p>4.1 Conduct vulnerability assessments and architecture reviews to evaluate control effectiveness.</p> <p>4.2 Recommend improvements based on industry benchmarks and audit findings.</p>
LO5. 5. Apply secure design principles in system development and lifecycle management	<p>5.1 Integrate security into each phase of the system development life cycle (SDLC)</p> <p>5.2 Develop a security architecture documentation set for enterprise stakeholders.</p>

No	Learning Outcome / Topic	Learning and Teaching Activities	Which assessment criteria does the session relate to?	Day/month/year/ signature
1	Introduction to Security Architecture	Introduction to Security Architecture Role in enterprise risk management, alignment with business objectives.	LO1: Enterprise Security Requirements & Architectural Frameworks	
2	Assessing Organizational Security Needs	Assessing Organizational Security Needs Stakeholder interviews, risk appetite analysis, compliance mapping (GDPR, HIPAA).	LO1: Enterprise Security Requirements & Architectural Frameworks	
3	Security Architecture Frameworks: SABSA	Security Architecture Frameworks: SABSA Business-driven approach, layered model (Conceptual to Operational).	LO1: Enterprise Security Requirements & Architectural Frameworks	
4	Security Architecture Frameworks: TOGAF ADM	Security Architecture Frameworks: TOGAF ADM Integrating security into The Open Group Architecture Framework.	LO1: Enterprise Security Requirements & Architectural Frameworks	
5	Zero Trust Architecture (ZTA)	Zero Trust Architecture (ZTA) Principles (never trust, always verify), micro-segmentation, identity-centric controls.	LO1: Enterprise Security Requirements & Architectural Frameworks	
6	Comparative Analysis of Frameworks	Comparative Analysis of Frameworks Use cases for SABSA vs. TOGAF vs. Zero Trust in different industries.	LO1: Enterprise Security Requirements & Architectural Frameworks	
7	Network Security Fundamentals	Network Security Fundamentals Defense-in-depth, CIA triad, and perimeter vs. zero-trust models.	LO2: Secure Network Infrastructure Design	

8	Review	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Review of LO1 topics - Practice questions and mock assessment - Half-term assessment based on LO1 (theory) 	LO1 LO2	
9	Secure Network Segmentation	Secure Network Segmentation VLANs, software-defined perimeters (SDP), and least privilege zoning.	LO2: Secure Network Infrastructure Design	
10	Access Control Strategies	Access Control Strategies NAC (Network Access Control), RBAC/ABAC, and 802.1X authentication.	LO2: Secure Network Infrastructure Design	
11	Scalable Network Design considerations.	Scalable Network Design Load balancing, HA (High Availability), and SD-WAN security considerations.	LO2: Secure Network Infrastructure Design	
12	Threat-Centric Design	Threat-Centric Design Mitigating DDoS, lateral movement, and insider threats via architecture.	LO2: Secure Network Infrastructure Design	
13	Case Study: Enterprise Network Redesign	Case Study: Enterprise Network Redesign Evaluating trade-offs between performance, cost, and security.	LO2: Secure Network Infrastructure Design	
14	Review	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Comprehensive review of all learning outcomes - Practice questions and revision of key topics 		
15	Midterm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Midterm assessment covering all learning outcomes (theory and practical elements) 		
16	Feedback & Reflection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Review - Individual feedback on performance - Reflective discussion on key learning points 		
17	Hybrid Cloud Security Challenges	Hybrid Cloud Security Challenges Shared responsibility model, data sovereignty, and shadow IT risks.	LO3: Hybrid & Cloud Security Integration	
18	IAM for Cloud Environments	IAM for Cloud Environments Federated identities (SAML/OIDC), cross-cloud access management.	LO3: Hybrid & Cloud Security Integration	

19	Cloud Network Security	Cloud Network Security NSGs (Azure), Security Groups (AWS), and cloud-native firewalls.	LO3: Hybrid & Cloud Security Integration	
20	Common Cloud Misconfigurations	Common Cloud Misconfigurations Exposed S3 buckets, overly permissive IAM roles, and logging gaps.	LO3: Hybrid & Cloud Security Integration	
21	Secure Cloud Connectivity	Secure Cloud Connectivity VPNs, Direct Connect (AWS), ExpressRoute (Azure), and TLS policies.	LO3: Hybrid & Cloud Security Integration	
22	Automating Cloud Security	Automating Cloud Security Infrastructure as Code (IaC) security (Terraform, CloudFormation).	LO3: Hybrid & Cloud Security Integration	
23	Half-Term Exam	Architecture Review Methodologies Using NIST SP 800-154, ISO 27034 for control evaluation.	LO4: Security Architecture Assessment & Improvement	
24	Vulnerability Assessments	Vulnerability Assessments Scanning tools (Nessus, Qualys), architectural threat modeling (STRIDE).	LO4: Security Architecture Assessment & Improvement	
25	Benchmarking & Audits	Benchmarking & Audits CIS Benchmarks, SOC 2 reports, and gap analysis.	LO4: Security Architecture Assessment & Improvement	
26	Remediation Strategies	Remediation Strategies Prioritizing fixes using risk scoring (CVSS, DREAD).	LO4: Security Architecture Assessment & Improvement	
27	Security in SDLC Phases	Security in SDLC Phases Requirements (security thresholds), design (threat models), testing (SAST/DAST).	LO5: Secure Design in SDLC & Documentation	
28	Architecture Documentation.	Architecture Documentation Creating artifacts: network diagrams, control matrices, and compliance reports.	LO5: Secure Design in SDLC & Documentation	

29	Final Exam Preparation & Review	LO1, LO2, LO3, LO4	LO1, LO2, LO3, LO4	
30	Final Exam		LO1, LO2, LO3, LO4	